LESSON PLAN OF DEPARTMENT OF ZOOLOGY ACADEMIC SESSION 2023-2024

HONOURS	MONTH	LEC' (HC	D OF FURES DURS)		ΤΟΡΙϹ
		Theory	practical	Theory	Practical
Semester I DS-1 Non-Chordates I Theory Non-Chodates I Lab	July August	10	16	 Unit 1: Protista, Parazoa & Metazoa Characteristic and classification up to classes. Study of <i>Euglena</i>, <i>Amoeba</i> and <i>Paramoecium</i> Locomotion and reproduction in protista Unit 2: Porifera Characteristic and classification upto classes Canal system and spicules in sponges Unit 3: Cnidaria characteristic and classification upto classes coral and coral reefs 	 Study of whole mount of <i>Euglena</i>, <i>Amoeba</i>, <i>Paramoecium</i>. Binary fission and Conjugation in Paramoecium Examination of freshwater pond water collected from different places for diversity of protists in it. Study of <i>Sycon</i>, <i>Hyalonema</i>, <i>Euplectella</i>,
				 Evolution of symmetry and segmentation of Metazoa. Life cycle and pathogenicity of <i>Giardia</i>, <i>Leishmania</i>, Unit 3: Cnidaria Polymorphism in Cnidaria Unit 6: Nemathelminthes General characteristics and Classification upto classes Origin and evolution of parasitic helminthes. 	 Spongilla. Study of Obelia, Physalia, millepora, Aurelia, Tubipora, Corallium. Examination of freshwater pond water collected from different places for diversity of protists in it.
	Septembe r	10	14	 Unit-1: Protista, Parazoa & Metazoa Life cycle and pathogenicity of <i>Entamoeba</i> and <i>Plasmodium</i> Unit 3: Cnidaria 	 Study of Alcyonium, Gorgonia, Metridium, Pennatula, Fungia, Meandrina, Madrepora study of adult Fasciola hepatica, Taenia

GENERAL	MONTH	LEC (HC Theory	D OF FURES DURS) practical	Unit -5: Platyhelminthes Life cycle and pathogenicity of <i>Taenia</i> solium Unit 6: Nemathelminthes Life cycle and pathogenicity of Ascaris <i>Lunbricoides</i>	Revision of Practical. TOPIC
Semester I MA-1 & Practical (Animal Diversity)	July	10	14	 Unit-1 Kingdom Protista General characters and classification of Subkingdom Protozoa. Locomotory organelles and locomotion in Protozoa Unit-4 Phylum Platihelminthes General characters and classification up to classes. Life history of <i>Taenia solium</i>. Unit-8 Phylum Mollusca General characters and classification up to classes. 	Spot identification of the specimens

			• Respiration in <i>Pila</i>	
August	8	12	 Unit-2 Phylum Porifera General characters and classification up to classes. Canal system in Sycon. Unit-3 Phylum Cnidaria General characters and classification up to classes. Polymorphism in Hydrozoa Unit-7 Phylum Arthropoda General characters and classification up to classes. Unit-5 Phylum Nematoda General characters and classification up to classes. Unit-5 Phylum Nematoda General characters and classification up to classes. Life history of Ascaris lumbricoides and its parasitic adaptation. Unit-6 Phylum Annelida General characters and classification up to classes. 	Spot identification of the specimens
Septembe r	10	14	 Unit-7 Phylum Arthropoda Vision in insect. Metamorphosis in insects. Unit-6 Phylum Annelida Nephridia in Annelida Unit-12 Pisces General characters and classification up to Subclasses. Osmoregulation in Fishes 	Spot identification of the specimens
October	2	2	Unit-13 Amphibia • General characters and classification up to classes.	Spot identification of the specimens

	November	07	8	 Unit-9 Phylum Echinodermata General characters and classification up to classes. Water-vascular system in Asterias Unit-10 Protochordates General features Unit-13 Amphibia Metamorphosis in Toad Unit-14 Reptiles General features and classification up to living Subclasses. Biting mechanism in snakes, Poisonous and nonpoisonous snakes 	 Study of the permanent slides Identification of poisonous and non-poisonous snakes Preparation of Animal album
	December	8	10	 Unit-10 Protochordates Feeding in Branchiostoma Unit-11 Agnatha General characters and classification up to classes. Unit-15 Aves General characters and classification up to orders. Flight adaptations in birds Unit-16 Mammals Classification up to Subclasses. Origin and distribution of Cranial nerves in Cavia 	Preparation and submission of Animal album
HONOURS	MONTH	LEC) OF FURES OURS)		ТОРІС
		Theory		Theory	practical
Semester II DS-2: Non-Chordates II Theory Non-Chordates	January	10	14	 Unit 1: Introduction to Coelomates Evolution of Coelom Evolution of metamerism Unit 3: Arthropoda General characteristics and 	Study of specimens

II Lab				Classification up to classes.	
	February	08	12	Unit 2: Annelida	Study of specimens
				General characteristics and	
				Classification up to classes.	
				• Excretion in Annelida.	
				Unit 3: Arthropoda	
				Vision in Arthropods	
				Respiration in Arthropods	
				Unit 5: Mollusca	
				• General characteristics and	
				Classification up to classes	
	March	08	10	Unit 3: Arthropoda	Study of specimens
				 Metamorphosis in insect 	
				• Social life in bees.	
				Unit 4: Onychophora	
				General characteristics and	
				Evolutionary significance	
				Unit 5: Mollusca	
				Respiration inMollusca	
	April	07	08	Unit 3: Arthropoda	• Dissection of Digestive system of
				 Social life in termites 	Periplaneta
				Unit 5: Mollusca	Nervous system of Periplaneta
				• Torsion and detorsion in	
				Gastropoda	
				Unit 6: Echinodermata	
				 General characteristics and 	
				Classification up to classes.	
				Unit 7:Hemichordata	
				General characteristics	
	May	06	10	Unit 5: Mollusca	• Digestive system, septal nephridia and
				• Pearl formation in bivalves.	pharyngeal nepridia of earthworm.
				Unit 6: Echinodermata	Prepare Project report
				• Water-vascular system in	
				Asteroidea	
				Unit 7:Hemichordata	
				• Phylogenetic relationship with non-	
				chordates and chordates.	

	June	06	06	 Unit 5: Mollusca Evolutionary significance of trochophore larva. Unit 6: Echinodermata Larval forms in Echinodermata. Affinities with chordates. 	 T.S. through pharynx, gizzard and typhlosolar intestine of earthworm. Mount of mouth parts of Periplaneta. Preparation and submission of Project report.
GENERAL	MONTH	LEC) OF FURES DURS)		TOPIC
		Theor v	practical	Theory	Practical
Semester I MA-2 & Practical (Physiology and Biochemistry)	January	10	14	 Unit-1: Nerve and muscle Structure of neuron Unit-2:Digestion Physiology of digestion in the alimentary canal. Unit-9: Protein: Structure and Metabolism Proteins and their biological functions, functions of amino acids, Physiochemical properties of amino acids, Peptides – structure and properties. Primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary structure of proteins. Transamination, Deamination. Urea cycle. 	 Preparation of Haemin crystals Identification of permanent histological slides
	February	08	12	 Unit-1: Nerve and muscle Resting membrane potential, Graded potential, Origin of action potential Propagation of action potential through myelinated and unmyelinated nerve fibers. Ultra-structure of skeletal muscle. 	ii)Identification of permanent histological slides iii)Qualitative tests to identify functional groups of carbohydrates.

March	08	10	 Unit-2:Digestion Absorption of carbohydrates, proteins and lipids. Unit-5:Cardiovascular system Composition of blood, Homeostasis. Structure of heart. Origin and conduction of the cardiac impulse. Cardiac cycle. Unit-1: Nerve and muscle Molecular and chemical basis of muscle contraction. Unit-3: Respiration Pulmonary ventilation, Respiratory volumes and capacity. Physiology of male reproduction: hormonal control of spermatogenesis. Physiology of female reproduction: hormonal control of menstrual cycle. Unit-7: Carbohydrate: Structure and Metabolism	iii)Qualitative tests to identify functional groups of carbohydrates. iv)Lowry`s method for quantitative test of protein
April	07	08	Unit-3: Respiration • Transport of Oxygen. • Transport of Carbon-di-oxide. Unit-6: Reproduction and Endocrine gland • Structure and function of Pituitary. • Structure and function of Thyroid	iv)Lowry`s method for quantitative test of protein

				 Structure and function of pancreas Structure and function of adrenal Unit-7: Carbohydrate: Structure and Metabolism Krebs cycle Pentose phosphate pathway Unit-10: Enzymes Introduction, Classification of Enzymes Mechanism of action Enzyme kinetics Inhibition and Regulation 	
	May	06	10	 Unit-4: Excretion Structure of nephron. Mechanism of urine formation Counter-current Mechanism Unit-7: Carbohydrate: Structure and Metabolism Gluconeogenesis Electron Transport Systen 	iv)Study of activity amylase under optimum conditions.
	June	06	06	 Unit-8: Lipid structure and Metabolism Introduction to lipids: Definitions; fats and oils; classes of lipids. Biosysthesis of palmitic acid B-oxidation of palmitic acid. 	Revision of practical
HONOURS	MONTH	LEC	D OF FURES DURS)		ΤΟΡΙϹ
Semester III ZOOACOR05T & ZOOACOR05P	July	Theory14	practical 16	 Theory Unit 1: Introduction to Chordates: General characteristics and outline classification of phylum Chordata. Unit 2: Protochordata 	Practical• ProtochordataHerdmania, BranchiostomaColonial Urochordates; Sections of Balanoglossusthrough proboscis and branchiogenital regions,

(Chordates)				 General characteristics and classification of Urochordata and Cephalochordata upto Classes. Metamorphosis in Ascidia. Chordates features and feeding in Branchiostoma Unit 3: Origin of Chordates Dipleurula concept and the Echinoderm theory of origin of chordates. Advanced features of vertebrates over protochordates. 	 Sections of <i>Amphioxus</i> through pharyngeal, intestinal and caudal regions, <i>Herdmania</i> spicules, Agnatha Petromyzon, Myxine
	August	12	14	 Unit 4: Agnatha General characteristics and classification of cyclostomes up to order. Unit 5: Pisces General characteristics and classification of Chondrichthyes and Osteichthyes upto Subclasses. Accessory respiratory organ Migration of fishes Parental care of fishes. Swim bladder in fishes. Unit 6: Amphibia General characteristics and classification up to living orders Metamorphosis in amphibia. 	• Fishes Scoliodon, Sphyrna, pristis, Torpedo, chimaera, Mystus, Heteropneustes, Labeo, Exocoetus, Echeneis, Anguilla, Hippocampus, Tetradon, Anabas, Flat fish.
	Septembe r	10	10	 Unit 6: Amphibia Parental care in amphibian. Unit 7: Reptilia General characteristics and classification up to living orders. Poison apparatus and biting mechanism in Snake. Unit 8: Aves General characteristics and classification up to Sub-classes 	 Amphibia: Ichthyophis, Necturus, Bufo, Hyla, Alytes, Salamander, Reptilia: Chelone, Trionix, Hemidactylus, Varanus, Uromastix, Chameleon, Ophiosaurus.

				Exoskeleton in BirdsMigration in Birds.	
	October	2	2	 Unit-8 Principles and aerodynamics of flight. 	 Mount of weberian Ossicles of Mystus or Grass Carp.
	November	12	10	 Unit 9: Mammals General characteristics and classification up to living orders. Phylogenetic significance of Prototheria Exoskeleton derivatives of mammals. Adaptive radiation in mammals with reference to locomotory appendages. 	 Reptilia Draco, Bungarus, Vipera, Naja, Hydrophis, Zamenis, Crocodylus. Identification of poisonous and non-poisonous snakes. Aves Study of six common birds from different orders (Stork, Owl/Falcon, Sun bird, Jacanna, Duck) – types of beaks and claws.
	December	10	08	 Unit 9: Mammals Echolocation in Microchiropterans and Cetaceans. Unit 10: Zoogeography Zoogeographical real. Plate tectonic and continental drift theory. Distribution of birds and mammals in different realms. 	 Mammalia Sorex, Bat, Funambulus, Loris, Herpestes, Erinaceous Power point presentation on study of any two animals from animals from two different classes by students Pecten from Fowl head. Dissection of Fowl head.
Semester III ZOOACOR06T & ZOOACOR06P (Physiology: Controlling and Coordinating Systems)	July	14	16	 Unit 1: Tissues Strusture, locations, classification and functions of epithelial tissues. Strusture, locations, classification and functions of connective tissue tissues. Strusture, locations, classification and functions of muscular tissue tissues. Strusture, locations, classification and functions, classification and functions of nerve tissues. 	Recording of simple muscle twitch with electrical stimulation (Virtual)
	August	11	14	Unit 2: Bone and CartilageStructure and types of bones and	Preparation of temporary mounts: Squamous epithelium, Striated muscle

			cartilages, Ossification. Unit 5: Reproductive System • Histology of testis • Histology of ovary. • Physiology of reproduction.	fibers and nerve cells.
Septembe r	13	10	 Unit 3: Nervous System Structure of neuron Resting membrane potential Origin of action potential and its propagation across the myelinated and unmyalinated nerve fibers. Types of synapse. Reflex action and its type Synaptic transmission and Neuromuscular junction. 	• Study of permanent slides of Mammalian skin, cartilage, bone, Spinal cord, Nerve cell, pituitary
October	1	02	 Unit 4: Muscular System Histology of different types of muscle. 	• Study of permanent slides of Pancreas, testis,
Novembe	r 11	10	 Unit 4: Muscular System Ultrastructure of skeletal muscle Characteristic of muscle fibers. Molecular and chemical basis of muscle contraction. Unit 5: Reproductive system Histology of testis and ovary Physiology of reproduction 	 Study of permanent slides of ovary, adrenal and thyroid Microtomy: Preparation of permanent slide of any five (lung, salivary gland, stomach, small intestine, large intestine only) mammalian rat tissues
December	· 10	08	 Unit 6: Endocrine System Mechanism of hormone action. Signal transduction pathways for Steroidal and Non-steroidal hormones. Hypothalamus – principal nuclei involved in neuroendocrine control of anterior pituitary and endocrine 	• Microtomy: Preparation of permanent slide of any five (lung, salivary gland, stomach, small intestine, large intestine only) mammalian rat tissues

				system.	
Semester III ZOOACOR07T & ZOOACOR07P (Biochemistry)	July	14	16	 Unit 1: Fundamentals of biochemical reaction and metabolism: Ionization of water, weak acids and bases, buffering and pH changes in living system. catabolism and anabolism, compartmentalization of metabolic pathways, Shuttle systems and membrane transporters; ATP as "Energy Currency of cell"; coupled reactions; Use of reducing equivalents and co-factors; intermediary metabolism and regulatory mechanisms. 	Qualitative tests of functional groups in carbohydrate, proteins and lipids.
	August	11	14	 Unit 2: Carbohydrates Structure and biological importance: Monosaccharides, Disaccharides, Polysaccharides; Derivatives of monosaccharides, Carbohydrate metabolism: Glycolysis, Citric acid cycle, Pentose phosphate pathway, Gluconeogenesis. Unit 3: Lipids: Structure and significance: Physiologically important saturated and unsaturated fatty acids, Triacylglycerols, Phospholipids, Sphingolipids, Steroids, Eicosanoids and terpinoids. Lipid metabolism: beta-oxidation of fatty acids; fatty acid biosynthesis. 	 Paper chromatography of amino acids Quantitative estimation by Lowry method.
	Septembe r	13	10	Unit 4: Proteins: • Amino acid structure,	Demonstration of protein seperation by SDS-PAGE
	-			Classification, General and	

October	01	02	 Electrochemical properties of α amino acids. Physiological importance of essential and non-essential amino acids proteins bonds stabilizing protein structure; Levels of organization Protein metabolism: Transamination, Deamination, Urea cycle, Fate of C-skeleton of Glucogenic and Ketogenic amino acids. Unit 5: Structure: purines and pyrimidines, Nucleosides, Nucleotides, Nucleo	• Demonstration of protein seperation by SDS-PAGE
November	11	10	 Unit 5: Types of DNA and RNA, Complementarity of DNA, Hypo- Hyperchropmaticity of DNA. Otlines of nucleotide metabolism. Unit 6: Enzymes: Nomenclature and classification; Cofactors; Specificity of enzyme action; isozymes; Mechanism of enzyme action; Enzyme kinetics; Derivation of Michaelis-Menten equation, Lineweaver-Burk plot; Factors affecting rate of enzyme-catalyzed reaction 	Study of the enzymatic activity of Trypsin and Lipase.
December	10	08	Unit 6: • Enzyme inhibition; Allosteric enzymes and their kinetics; Strategy of enzyme action-catalytic and Regulatory	• Performing the Acid and alkaline phosphatise assay from serum/tissue.

				 Unit 7: Redox system; Review of mitochondrial respiratory chain, Inhibitors and un-couplers of Electron Transport System. 	
GENERAL	MONTH	LEC) OF FURES DURS)		TOPIC
SEMESTER III		Theory	Practica	Theory	Practical
ZOOGCOR03T ZOOGCOR03P Insect, Vectors & Diseases	July	14	16	 Unit-1 Introduction to Insects General features of insects Morphological features, Head-Eyes, Types of antennae, Mouth parts with respect to feeding habit Unit-7 Hemiptera as Disease Vectors Bugs as insect vectors; Blood-sucking bugs, Chaghas disease. 	Mounting and study of different kinds of mouth parts of insects
	August	11	14	 Unit-3 Insects as vector Detailed features of insect orders as vectors – Diptera, Siphonoptera, Siphunculata, Hemiptera. Unit-7 Hemiptera as Disease Vectors Bed bugs as mechanical vectors, Control and prevention measures. 	• Spot identification of following insect vectors through permanent slides/photographs: Aedes, Culex, Anopheles, Pediculus humanuscapitis, Pediculus humanuscorporis,
	Septembe r	13	10	 Unit-2 Concept of Vectors Brief introduction to vectors (mechanical and biological) Reservoirs, Host-vector relationship, Adaptations as vectors, Host specificity. 	• Spot identification of following insect vectors through permanent slides/photographs: <i>Phithiruspubis</i> , <i>Xenopsylla cheopis</i> , <i>Cimex lectularius</i> , <i>Phlebotomus argentipes</i> , <i>Musca domestica</i> .
	October	2	2	 Unit-4 Dipteran as Disease Vectors Study of important Dipteran vectors – Mosquitoes. 	Spot identification

	November	10	10	 Unit- 4 Dipteran as Disease Vectors Study of important Dipteran vectors	• Study of different diseases transmitted by above insect vectors		
	December	10	08	 Unit-Siphonaptera as disease vectors Fleas as important insect vectors; Host-specificity, Study of flea borne diseases – plague, Typhus fever, Contrl of fleas 	• Submission of a project report on any of the insect vectors and disease transmitted		
SEMESTER III ZOOSSEC02M (Aquarium Fish Keeping)	July	6		 Unit-1 Introduction to Aquarium Fish Keep The potential scope of aquarium Fish I species of Aquarium Fishes 	ping Industry as a Cottage Industry, Exotic and Endemic		
1 8/	August	6		 Unit-2 Diversity of Aquarium fishes and their biology Common characters and sexual dimorphism of Fresh water and Marine aquarium fishes such as Guppy, Molly, Sword tail, Gold fish, angel fish, Blue morph, Anemone fish and Butterfly fish 			
	Septembe r	5		 Unit-2 Diversity of Aquarium fishes and their biology Indigenous fishes suitable aquaria, problems of natural population depletion. Problem with exotic fishes 			
	October	1					
	November 6			 Unit-3 Food and feeding of aquarium fishes Use of live fish feed organism Preparation and composition of formulated fish feeds, Aquarium fish as larval predator. Unit-4 Fish transportation Live fish keeping, breeding, transport – Fish handling, packing and forwarding techniques 			

	December	6		 Unit-5 Maintenance of Aquarium General Aquarium maintenance – budget for setting up an Aquarium Fish Farm as a Cottage Industry TOPIC 		
HONOURS	MONTH	LEC	D OF TURES DURS)			
		Theory	Practica	Theory	Practical	
Semester IV ZOOACOR08T & ZOOACOR08P	January	12	10	 Unit 1: Integumentary System Structure, function and derivatives of integument in amphibian, birds and mammals 	• Study of placoid, cycloid and ctenoid scales through permanent slides/ photographs.	
(Comparative Anatomy)	February	10	12	 Unit 2: Skeletal system Overview of axial and appendicular skeleton; Jaw suspension; Visceral arches 	• Study of disarticulated skeleton of toad, pigeon and guineapig	
	March	10	10	 Unit 3: Digestive System Comparative anatomy of stomach; dentition in mammals Unit 4: Respiratory System Respiratory organs in fish, amphibian 	Demonstration of carapace and plastron of turtle.	
	April	10	10	 Unit 4: Respiratory system Respiratory organs of birds and mammals Unit 5: Circulatory System General plan of Circulation, Comparative account of heart and aortic arches 	Identification of mammalian skulls: one herbivororous (Guineapig) and one carnivorous (dog)	
	May	9	10	 Unit 6: Urinogenital System: Succession of kidneys, Evolution of urinogenital ducts, Types of mammalian uteri Unit 7: Nervous System Comparative account of brain 	• Dissection of Tilapia: circulatory system, brain	
	June	9	8	Unit 7: Nervous System: • Cranial nerves in mammals Unit 8: Sense organs	• Dissection of Tilapia: Urinogenital system, pituitary	

Semester IV ZOOACOR09T & ZOOACOR09P (Physiology: Life Sustaining System)	January	12	10	 Classification of receptors, Brief account of auditory receptors in vertebrate. Unit 1: Physiology of Digestion Structural organization and functions of Gastrointestinal tract and Associated gland; Mechanical and chemical digestion of food, Absorption of carbohydrates, Lipids, Proteins and Nucleic acids Digestive enzymes 	• Determination of ABO blood group.
	February	12	10	 Unit 2: Physiology of Respiration Mechanism of Respiration Respiratory volumes and capacities Transport of Oxygen and Carbon dioxide in blood. Dissociation curve and the factors influencing it. respiratory pigments Carbon monoxide poisoning. 	Enumeration of red blood cells and white blood cells using haemocytometer
	March	10	10	 Unit 3: Physiology of Circulation: Components of blood and their function Structure and functions of hemoglobin Haemostasis Blood clotting system. Fibrinolytic system Haemopoesis Basic steps and its regulation. Blood groups; ABO and Rh factor. 	 Estimation of haemoglobin using Sahli,s Haemoglobinometer
	April	10	10	 Unit 4: Physiology of Heart Structure of mammalian heart. Coronary circulation, Structure and working of 	Preparation of haemin and haemochromogen crystals

	May	9	10	 conducting myocardial fibers Origin and conduction of cardiac impulses Cardiac cycle and cardiac output. Blood pressure and its regulation. Unit 5: Thermoregulation and Osmoregulation Physiological classification based on thermal biology Thermal biology of endotherms Osmoregulation in aquatic vertebrates; 	• Recording of blood pressure using a sphygmomanometer/ digital meter
	June	9	8	 Unit 6: Renal Physiology Structure of kidney and its functional unit Mechanism of urine formation, Regulation of acid-base balance. 	• Practice and repeat of previous practicals
Semester IV ZOOACOR010T & ZOOACOR010P (Immunology)	January	12	10	 Unit 1: Overview of Immune System Basic concepts of health and diseases. Historical perspective of immunology. Organs (primary and secondary lymphoid organs and its importance) and cells of the immune system. Concept of Haematopoiesis and development of progenitor cells of the immune system Unit 2: Innate and Adaptive Immunity Principle of Innate and Adaptive Immunity Components of innate immunity 	Demonstration of lymphoid organs
	February	12	10	Unit 2: Innate and Adaptive Immunity Component of adaptive immunity 	Histological study of spleen, thymus and lymph nodes through slides/photographs

March	10	10	 Unit 3: Antigen, Antigen presentation and MHC Concept of Antigen, Immunogen, Allergen and Pathogen Adjuvants and haptens, Factors influencing immunogenicity, Epitope Types of Antigen Presenting Cells (APCs) Structure of Major Histocompatibility Complex (MHC) molecules. Unit 3: Antigen, Antigen presentation and MHC Mechanism of antigen presentation and involvement of MHC molecules in details Co-stimulatory molecules on APC Unit 3: T Cell development Structure of T cell receptors, Costimulatory molecules on T cells Concept of synapse between APC 	Preparation of stained blood film to study various types of blood cells
			 and T cells in details Central differentialtion of T cells; T cell selection in thymus. Peripheral differentiation of T cells; Th1 and Th2 	
April	10	10	 Unit 4: Immunoglobulin Structure and functions of different classes of immunoglobulins Antigen-antibody interaction Immunoassay (ELISA and RIA) Hybridoma technology Monoclonal antibody production Unit 7: Complement system Components and pathways of complement activation 	• ABO blood group determination

	May June	9 9	10	 Unit 6: Cytokines and Chemokines Brief concept on types of Cytokines and chemokines Cytokines (source and function of IL-1,2,4,5,6,8,10,12, interferons, TNF, TGF, GM-CSF, M-CSF) 3. Chemokines (source and function of CCL2, CCL3, CCL4, CCL5, CxCL8, CxCL10) Unit 8: Hypersensitivity Gell and Coombs classification and brief description of various types of hypersensitivity. Unit 9: Immunology of diseases Malaria, Visceral Leishmaniasis, Filariasis, Dengue and Tuberculosis Unit 10: Vaccines Various types of vaccines. Active and passive immunization (artificial and natural) 	Demonstration of ELISA using kit Practice and repeat of previous practical.		
GENERAL	MONTH	LEC) OF FURES DURS)	TOPIC			
		Theory	Practica	Theory	Practical		
SEMESTER IV ZOOGCOR04T ZOOGCOR04P Environment and Public Health	January	12	10	Unit-1 Introduction Sources of environmental hazards, Hazard identification and accounting, Fate of toxic and persistence substances in the environment, Dose response evaluation, Exposure assessment	To determine pH, in soil and water sample from different location.		
	February	12	10	Unit-2 Climate Change Greenhouse gases and global warming, Acid rain, Ozone layer destruction, Effect of climate change on public health.	To determine Cl in soil and water sample from different location.		
	March	10	10	Unit-4 Waste management technologies Sources of waste, types and characteristics,	To determine SO4 in soil and water sample from different location.		

	May	9	10	Unit-5 Diseases Cause, symptoms and control of Minamata	Practice and repeat of previous practical.		
				Cause, symptoms and control of Minamata disease, typhoid			
	June	9	8	Unit-3 Pollution Air, water, noise pollution sources and effects, Pollution control.	Practice and repeat of previous practical.		
SEMESTER IV ZOOSSEC02M (Vermicompost Production)	January	5		Unit-1 Introduction to Vermicompost Pro Natural role of earthworms in soil fertility, C Unit-5 Properties of the Vermicompost Unit-6 benefits of vermicompost			
	February	4		Unit-2 Production Suitable worm species and their availability-for large scale/small scale, Climate and temperature, Feedstock- for small scale and home farming/ large scale or commercial			
	March	5		Unit-3 Operations and maintenance Smells, Moisture, Pest species, Worms escaping, Nutrient levels Unit-4 Harvesting			
				Unit-7 Use as soil conditioner Unit-8 Application of vermicompost			
	April	4		Unit-7 Use as soil conditioner Unit-8 Application of vermicompost			
	May	6		Unit-8 Application of vermicompost Unit-9 Visit to Vermicompost centre and I	Prepare the Report.		
HONOURS		6 6 NC LECT) OF FURES	Unit-8 Application of vermicompost Unit-9 Visit to Vermicompost centre and I Submission of Report	Prepare the Report. TOPIC		
HONOURS	May June	6 6 NC LECT		Unit-8 Application of vermicompost Unit-9 Visit to Vermicompost centre and I Submission of Report			

ZOOACOR11T ZOOACOR11P (Molecular Biology)	August	11	14	 Salient features of DNA and RNA. Watson and Crick model of DNA. Unit 2: Replication: Mechanism of DNA replication in prokaryotes . Semi-conservative, bidirectional and discontinuous replication. RNA priming. Replication of telomeres. Unit 3: Transcription: Mechanism of transcription in prokaryotes and eukaryotes. Transcription factors. Difference between prokaryotes and eukaryotes and eukaryotes and eukaryotes. Transcription factors. Difference between prokaryotes and eukaryotes Ribosome structure and assembly in prokaryotes Ribosome structure and charging of tRNA. Proteins involved in initiation, elongation and termination of polypeptide chain. Inhibitors of protein synthesis 	 from Drosophila/Chironomid larvae. Isolation and quantification of genomic DNA using spectrophotometer (A260 measurement). Isolation and quantification of genomic DNA using spectrophotometer (A260 measurement).
	Septembe r	13	10	 Difference between prokaryotic and eukaryotic translation. Unit 4: Translation: Genetic code, degeneracy of the genetic code and Wobble Hypothesis. Unit 5: Post Translational Modification and Processing of Eukaryotic RNA: Capping and Poly A tail formation in mRNA. Spilt genes: concept of introns and exons, splicing mechanism Alternative splicing, exon shuffling RNA editing, Processing tRNA 	Agarose gel electrophoresis for DNA
	October	2	2	Unit-6 Gene regulation • Regulation of Transcription in	Agarose gel electrophoresis for DNA

				prokaryotes: lac operon	
	November	10	10	 Unit-6 Gene regulation Regulation of Transcription in prokaryotes: trp operon Regulation of transcription in eukaryotes: Activators, enhancers, silencer, repressors, miRNA mediated gene silencing Genetic imprinting Unit-7 DNA Repair Mechanism Types of DNA repair mechanism: RecBCD model in prokaryotes. Nucleotide and base excision repair 	 Demonstration of polytene chromosome from Drosophila/Chironomid larvae. Isolation and quantification of genomic DNA using spectrophotometer (A260 measurement).
	December	10	08	Unit-7 DNA Repair MechanismSOS repair.Unit 8: Molecular Lab TechniquesPCRWestern and Southern blotSanger DNA sequencingCDNA technology.	Practice and repeat previous practical
SEMESTER V ZOOACOR12T ZOOACOR12P (Genetics)	July	14	16	 Unit 1: Mendelian Genetics and its extention Background of Mendel's experiment Principles of Mendelian inheritance Incomplete dominance and co-dominance, epistasis, multiple alleles, lethal alleles Pleiotropy. Sex-linked, Sex-influenced and sex-limited inheritance, Polygenic Inheritance Unit 2: Linkage, CrossingOver and Chromosomal Mapping Linkage and crossing over, Molecular basis of Crossing Over. Measuring Recombination frequency and linkage intensity using three factor crosses, Interference and coincidence. 	 Chi-suare analyses Statistical tests of data and decision making Chi square test for goodness of fit and student t test for comparing means of two small samples from normal populations (paired/unpaired)
	August	11	14	 Unit 3: Mutations Types of gene mutations (Classification) Types of chromosomal aberrations (Classificatio with one suitable example of each) Chromosomal aberrations, gene mutations and human diseases (Down`s, Klinefelter`s, Turner`s, Cri-du Chat, Sickel cell, Haemophilia, Thalassemia, Albinism. 	• Pedigree analysis of some inherited traits in human.

				• Sex chromosomes and sex-linked inheritance.	
	Septembe r	13	10	 Unit 3: Mutations Non-disjunction and variation in chromosome number; Molecular basis of mutations in relation to UV light and chemical mutagens Unit 4: Sex determination Mechanism of sex determination in Drosophila with reference to alternative splicing. Sex determination in mammals. Dosage compensation in Drosophila and Human. 	Pedigree analysis of some inherited traits in human
	October	2	2	 Unit 5: Extra-chromosomal Inheritance Criteria for extra chromosomal inheritance 	• Pedigree analysis of some inherited traits in human
	November	10	10	 Unit 5: Extra-chromosomal Inheritance Antibiotic resistance in Chlamydomonas, Kappa particle in Paramoecium, Shell spiralling in snail. Unit 6: Recombination in Bacteria and Virus Conjugation, Transformation, Transduction, Complementation test in Bacteriophage 	• Identification of chromosomal aberration in Drosophila from photograph
	December	10	08	 Unit 7: Transposable Genetics Elements Transposons in bacteria Ac-Ds elements in Maize and P elements in Drosophila LINE, SINE, Alu elements in humans 	Repeat and practice on the basis of necessary
SEMESTER V ZOOADSE01T ZOOADSE01P (Animal Behaviour And Chronobiology)	July	14	16	 Unit 1: Introduction to animal behaviour A brief history of animal behaviour studies including the works of Fabre, Darwin, Von Frisch, Lorenz, Tinbergen, Jane Goodal, BiruteGaldikas, Dian Fossey, Salim Ali, Gopal Bhattacharya, M. K. Chandrashekhar, RaghavendraGadgkar. 	 To study nests and nesting habits of the birds and social insects. To study geotaxis behaviour in earthworm.

			 The objectives of modern animal behaviour studies: Tinbergen 4 questions. Methods of studying behaviour: observation vs watching, Ad libitum observations, Focal animal studies, Instantaneous scan 	
August	11	14	 Unit 1: Introduction to animal behaviour Branches of aimal behavior studies. Unit 2: Behaviours of Individuals Reflexes and Orientations Instinct Learning: Imprinting and other Programmed Learning, Habituation, Innovations and Cultural Transmission / Social learning. 	 To study the behavioural responses of wood lice to dry and humid condition To study the phototaxis behavior in insect larvae.
r Septembe r	13	10	 Unit 3: Social and Sexual Behaviour Social behaviour: Concept of Society; Communication and the senses Altruism Insect`s society with honey bee as example; Foraging in honey bee and advantages of the waggle dance Sexual behaviour: Asymmetry of sex, Sexual dimorphism, Mate choice, Intra-sexual selection (male rivalry), Inter-sexual selection (female choice) 	• Study and actogram construction of locomotor activity of suitable animal model
October	2	2	Unit 3: Social and Sexual Behaviour .Pheromones 	• Study and actogram construction of locomotor activity of suitable animal model
November	10	10	 Unit 4: Introduction to Chronobiology Historical development of chronobiology Biological oscillation: the concept of average, amplitude, phase and period Adaptive significance of biological clock 	• Visit to forest/Wildlife Sanctuary/Biodiversity Park/ Zoological Park to study behavioural activities of animals and prepare a short report.
December	10	08	 Unit 5: Biological Rhythm Types and characteristicsof biological 	• Study of circadian functions in humans (daily eating, sleep and temperature patterns)

				 rhythm: Short and Long-term rhythm;Circadian rhythms; Tidal rhythm and lunar rhythm Concept of synchronization and masking; Photic and non-photic zeitgebers;Circannual rhythm. Photoperiod and regulation of seasonal reproduction of vertebrates; Role of melatonin. 	
SEMESTER V ZOOADSE03T ZOOADSE03P (Endocrinology)	July	14	16	 Unit 1:Introduction to Endocrinology General Idea of endocrine systems, Classification, 3.Characteristic and transport of hormones, 4.Neurosecretions and neurohormones Unit2:Epiphysis,Hypothalamo-hypophysial Axis Structure of pineal gland Secretions and their functions in biological rhythms and reproduction. Structure and functions of hypothalamus and hypothalamic nuclei Regulation of neuroendocrine glands. 	 Dissect and display of endocrine glands in rat Study of permanent slides of all the endocrine glands
	August	11	14	 Unit2:Epiphysis,Hypothalamo-hypophysial Axis Feedback mechanisms Structure of pituitary gland, hormones and their functions, Hypothalamo-hypophysial portal system Disorders of pituitary gland 	 Study of permanent slides of all the endocrine glands Estimation of plasma level of any hormone using ELISA
	Septembe r	13	10	 Unit 3: Peripheral Endocrine glands Structure, hormones, functions and regulation of Thyroid gland, Parathyroid, Adrenal, Pancreas 	• Estimation of plasma level of any hormone using ELISA
	October	2	2	 Unit 3: Peripheral Endocrine glands Structure, hormones, functions and regulation of ovary 	• Study of permanent slides of all the endocrine glands
	November	10	10	 Unit 3: Peripheral Endocrine glands Structure, hormones, functions and regulation of Testis. 	• Tissue fixation, embedding in paraffin, microtomy and slide preparation of any endocrine gland

	December	10	08	 Hormones in homeostasis, Disorders of endocrine glands. Unit 4: Regulation of Hormone Action Mechanism of action of steroidal, non- steroidal hormones with receptors. Unit 4: Regulation of Hormone Action Bioassays of hormones using RIA and ELISA. Estrous cycle in rat Menstrual cycle in Human Multifaceted role of Vasopressin and Oxytocin Hormonal regulation of parturirion 	Designing of primers of any hormones	
GENERAL	MONTH	IONTH NO LEC (HO		TOPIC		
		Theory	Practica 1	Theory	Practical	
SEMESTER V ZOOGDSE01T ZOOGDSE01P (Applied Zoology)	July	14	16	 Unit-1 Introduction to Host-Parsite Relationship Host, Definitive host, Intermediate host, Parasitism, Symbiosis, Commensalism, Reservoir, Zoonosis Unit-2Epidemiology of Diseases Transmission, prevention and control of diseases: Tuberculosis and Typhoid Unit-10 Fish Technology Genetic improvement in aquaculture industry: induced breeding and transportation of fish seed. 	 Study and Identification of <i>Entamoebahistolytica, Plasmodium</i> <i>vivax,Ancylostomaduodenale and</i> <i>Wucheriabancrofti.</i> Maintenance of freshwater aquarium 	
	August	11	14	 Unit-3 Rickettsia and Spirichetes Brief account of <i>Rickettsia</i> Prowazekii, Borreliarecurrentis and Treponemapallidum. Unit-4Parasitic Protozoa 	• Study and Identification of arthropod vectors associated with human diseases: <i>Pediculus, Culex, Anopheles, Aedes and Xenopsylla</i>	

				• Life history and pathogenicity of <i>Entamoebahistolytica, Plasmodium vivax, Trypanosomagambiense.</i>		
	Septembe r	13	10	 Unit-5 Parasitic Helminthes Life history and pathogenicity of Ancylostomaduodenale and Wucheriabancrofti. Unit-6 Insects of Economic Importance Biology, control and damage caused by Helicoverpaarmigera, Pyrillaperpusilla, and Papiliodemoletus, Callosobruchuschinensis. 	• Study and Identification of insect damage to different plant parts/stored grains through damaged products/ photographs	
	October	2	2	 Unit-6 Insects of Economic Importance Biology, control and damage caused by <i>Sitophilusoryzae</i> and <i>Triboliumcastaneum</i>. 	• Study and Identification of insect damage to different plant parts/stored grains through damaged products/ photographs	
	November	10	10	 Unit- 7Insects of Medical Importance Medical importance and control of <i>Pediculushumanuscorporis, Anopheles, Culex, Aedes, Xenopsyllacheopis.</i> Unit – 8Animal Husbandry Preservation of semen and insemination in cattle 	• Identifying features and economic importance of Nilaparvatalugens, Apioncorchori, Scirpophagaincertulus, Callosobruchuschinensis, Sitophilusoryzae and Triboliumcastaneum.	
	December	10	08	 Unit-9 Poultry Farming Principles of poultry breeding, Management of breeding stock and broilers, Processing and preservation of eggs 	• Visit to poultry farm/ animal breeding center/ vector biology/ parasitology center. Submission of visit report	
SEMESTER V ZOOSSEC02M (Aquarium Fish Keeping))2M			 Unit-1 Introduction to Aquarium Fish Keeping The potential scope of aquarium Fish Industry as a Cottage Industry, Exotic and Endemic species of Aquarium Fishes 		

	August	6		 Unit-2 Diversity of Aquarium fishes and their biology Common characters and sexual dimorphism of Fresh water and Marine aquarium fishes such as Guppy, Molly, Sword tail, Gold fish, angel fish, Blue morph, Anemone fish and Butterfly fish 			
	Septembe r	5		 Unit-2 Diversity of Aquarium fishes and t Indigenous fishes suitable aquaria, problem with exotic fishes 			
	October	1					
	November	6		 Unit-3 Food and feeding of aquarium fishes Use of live fish feed organism Preparation and composition of formulated fish feeds, Aquarium fish as larval predator. Unit-4 Fish transportation Live fish keeping, breeding, transport – Fish handling, packing and forwarding techniques 			
	December	6		 Unit-5 Maintenance of Aquarium General Aquarium maintenance – bu Cottage Industry 	dget for setting up an Aquarium Fish Farm as a		
HONOURS	MONTH	NO OF LECTURES (HOURS)			TOPIC		
		Theory	Practical	Theory	Practical		
SEMESTER VI ZOOACOR13T ZOOACOR13P (Developmental Biology)	January	12	14	 Unit 1: Introduction Basic concepts: Phases of development, Cell-cell interaction, Differentiation and growth, Differential gene expression Unit 2: Early embryonic Development Gametogenesis: Spermatogenesis and Oogenesis Types of eggs and egg membrane 	• Study of whole mount of developmental stages of chick through permanent slides .		
	February	10	10	 Unit 2: Early embryonic Development Fertilization (External and internal): Changes in gametes, Block to polyspermy. Planes and patterns of cleavage Types of blastula. Fate map (including techniques). 	Study of the developmental stages and life cycle of Drosophila from stock culture.		
	March	12	12	Unit 2: Early embryonic Development	• Study of different sections of placenta		

				 Early development of frog and chick upto gastrulation Embryonic induction and organization. Unit 3: Late Embryonic Development Fate of germ layers Extraembryonic membranes in birds 	
	April	09	10	 Unit 3: Late Embryonic Development Implantation of embryo in humans Placenta (Structure, types and functions of placenta) Unit 4: Post Embryonic Development Development of brain and eye in vertebrate. 	Project report on Drosophila culture/chick embryo development
	Мау	10	08	 Unit 4: Post Embryonic Development Regeneration: Modes of regeneration, epimorphosis, morphallaxis and compensatory regeneration (with one example each) Unit 5: Implications of Developmental Biology Teratogenesis: Teratogenic agents and their effects on embryonic development. In vitro fertilization. 	Project report on Drosophila culture/chick embryo development
	June	07	06	Unit 5: Implications of Developmental Biology Stem cell (ESC) Amniocentesis	• Repeat and practice on the basis of necessary.
SEMESTER VI ZOOACOR13T ZOOACOR13P (Evolutionary Biology)	January	12	14	 Unit 1: Origin of Earliest life Chemogeny, RNA Worls, Biogeny, Origin of photosynthesis Evolution of eukaryotes, three domains of life Unit 2: Historical Review of Evolutionary Concept Pre-Darwinan Concepts and theories including Lamarckism Darwinian theory Neo-Darwinian Synthesis 	 Study of fossils from models/photographs – Direct ancestors of horse, Archeopteryx

			• Anti-evolutionary ideas of Creationism and their scientific refusal.	
February	10	10	 Unit 3: Evidence in Favour of Evolution Fossil records: Types of fossils, 2. Geological time scale, transitional forms: example of fossils depicting the evolutionary stages of the modern horse Molecular (universality of genetic code and protein synthesis machinery) evidence. Unit 4: Sources of Variation Heritable variations present in natural populations (classical study of Lewontin and Hubby, 1966 in Drosophila, as example) 	Study of homology and analogy from suitable specimens (from photographs and models)
March	12	12	 Unit 5: Population Genetics Concepts of populations and calculation of allele frequencies in a population Hardy-Weinberg Law and equilibrium Evolutionary forces disrupting H-W equilibrium Natural selection: Definition as the non-differential rate of reproductions and survivals of competing alleles, concept of fitness, selection coefficient, Types of natural selection with examples- Disrupting, Stabilizing, Directional. 	Verification of H-W equilibrium in a population by chi square analysis
April	09	10	 Unit 5: Population Genetics Genetic drift – outline of its mechanism, basic concepts and examples of founder's effect, bottleneck phenomenon Role of Gene flow and Mutation rates in changing allele frequencies in a population (No mathematical model) 	 Verification of H-W equilibrium in a population by chi square analysis

				 Unit 6: Products of Evolution Inter-population variations: clines, races, Species concepts and mode of speciation Isolating mechanism Adaptive radiations/macroevolution as exemplified by Galapagos finch. 	
	Мау	10	08	 Unit 7: Extinction Major mass extinctions in the history of life and their impacts on biodiversity on earth Unit 8: Origin and Evolution of Man Unique hominin characteristics contrasted with primate characteristics. Primate phylogeny: from Dryopithecus leading to <i>Homo sapiens</i>. Molecular evidences of human origin and migrations. 	 Collection of sample of height, weight, age, sex data at least 100 individuals and applying of different statistical analyses.
	June	07	06	 Unit 9: Molecular Phylogeny The basic concept of molecular phylogeny Neutral theory of molecular evolution Molecular clock Example of evolution in vertebrate globin genes. 	• Collection of sample of height, weight, age, sex data at least 100 individuals and applying of different statistical analyses.
SEMESTER VI ZOOADSE04T ZOOADSE04P (Fish And Fishery)	January	12	14	 Unit 1: Introduction and Classification General description of fish Feeding habit, habitat and manner of reproduction Classification of fish (upto Subclasses) with important example Unit 2: Morphology and Physiology Types of fins and their modification Locomotion of fishes, Hydrodynamics Types of scales Use of scales in classificationand determination of age of fish 	• Morphometric and meristic characters of fishes
	February	10	10	 Unit 2: Morphology and Physiology Gills and gas exchange 	• Study of Petromyzon, Myxine, Pristis, Chimaera, Exocoetus, Hippocampus,

		 Swim bladder: Types and role in respiration, buoyancy. Osmoregulation in elasmobranchs Reproductive strategies (special reference to Indian fish); Electric organs Bioluminiscence 	Gambusia, Labeo, Heteropneustes, Anabus
March	12 12	 Unit 3: Fisheries Inland fisheries; marine fisheries Environmental factors influencing the seasonal variations in fish catches in the Arabian sea and the Bay Fishing crafts and gears. Depletion of fisheries resources Application of remote sensing and GIS in fisheries Fisheries law and regulation 	 Study of different types scales Study of crafts and gears used in fisheries
April	09 10	Unit 4: Aquaculture • Sustainable aquaculture • Extensive, semi-intensive and intensive culture of fish • Pen and cage culture • Polyculture • Composite fish culture • Brood stock management • Induced breeding of fish • Management of finfish hatcheries	• Water quality criteria for Aquaculture: Assessment of PH, conductivity, Total solids, Total dissolved solids
Мау	10 08	 Unit 4: Aquaculture Preparation and maintenance of fish aquarium Preparation of compound diets of fish Role of water quality in aquaculture Fish diseases: Bacterial, viral and parasitic preservation and processing of harvested fish Fishery by-products 	• Project report on a visit to any fish farm/ pisciculture unit/Zebra fish rearing lab
June	07 06	Unit 5: Fish in Research • Transgenic fish	• Study of air breathing organs in Channa, Heteropneustes, Anabas and Clarias.

				• Zebra fish as a model organism in research	
SEMESTER VI ZOOADSE05T ZOOADSE05P (Parasitology)	January	12	14	 Unit 1: Introduction to Parasitology Brief introduction of parasitism and other animal associations Partasites, Parsitoid and Vectors (Mechanical and biological) Host-parasite relationship Zoonosis Unit 2: Parasitic Protists Study of morphology, Life cycle, Prevalence, Epidemiology, Pathogenicity, Diagnosis, Prophylaxis and Treatment of <i>Entamoebahistolytica, Giardia intestinalis</i> 	Study of life stages of <i>Entamoebahistolytica</i> , <i>Giardia intestinalis</i> , <i>Trypanosomagambiense</i> , <i>Leishmaniadonovani</i> , <i>Plasmodium vivax</i> through permament slides
	February	10	10	 Unit 2: Parasitic Protists Study of morphology, Life cycle, Prevalence, Epidemiology, Pathogenicity, Diagnosis, Prophylaxis and Treatment of <i>Trypanosomagambiense</i>, <i>Leishmaniadonovani</i>, <i>Plasmodium</i> <i>vivax</i>, <i>Plasmodium falciparum and</i> <i>Toxoplasma gondii</i>. 	• Study of adult and life stages of <i>Fasciola</i> hepatica, Schistosomahaematobium, Taeniasolium,Hymenolepisnana.throughperma ment slides
	March	12	12	 Unit 3: Parasitic Platyhelminthes Study of morphology, Life cycle, Prevalence, Epidemiology, Pathogenicity, Diagnosis, Prophylaxis and Treatment of Fasciola hepatica, Paragonimuswestermani, Schistosomahaematobium, Taeniasolium, Echinococcusgranulosus and Hymenolepis nana. 	• Study of adult and life stages of Ascarislumbricoides, Ancylostomaduodenale, Wuchereriabancrofti, Trichinellaspiralis through permament slides
	April	09	10	 Unit 4: Parasitic Nematodes Study of morphology, Life cycle, Prevalence, Epidemiology, Pathogenicity, Diagnosis, Prophylaxis and Treatment of Ascarislumbricoides, Ancylostomaduodenale, 	 Study of plant parasitic root knot nematode, Meloidogyne from the soil sample Study of <i>Pediculushumanus</i> (head and body louse), <i>Xenopsyllacheopis</i>and <i>Cimexlectularius</i> through permament slides

				 Wuchereriabancrofti, Trichinellaspiralis Study of structure, life cycle and importance of Meloidogyne (root knot nematode), Pratylencus (lesion nematode) 		
	May	10	08	 Unit 5: Parasitic Arthropods Mosquitoes and flies as vectors of human pathogen Biology, importance and control of myiasis causing diptera Biology, importance and control of ticks, mites, <i>Pediculushumanus</i> (head and body louse), <i>Xenopsyllacheopis</i>and <i>Cimexlectularius</i> 	 Study of monogenea from gills of fresh/marine fish Study of nematode/cestode parasites from the intestines of Poultry bird 	
	June	07	06	 Unit 6: Parasitic Vertebrates A brief account of parasitic vertebrates; Cookiectter Shark, Candiru, Hood Mocking bird and vampire bat 	• Study of nematode/cestode parasites from the intestines of Poultry bird	
GENERAL	MONTH	LEC) OF TURES)URS)	TOPIC		
		Theory	Practica	Theory	Practical	
SEMESTER VI ZOOGDSE01T ZOOGDSE01P (Immunology)	January	12	14	 Unit-1 Overview of the Immune System Introduction to basic concept in immunology, Components of immune system, Principles of innate and adaptive immune system 	• Demonstration of lymphoid organs in human through model/photograph.	
	February	10	10	 Unit-2 Cells and Organs of the Immune system Haematopoiesis, Cells of immune system and organs (Primary and Secondary lymphoid organs) of the immune system. Unit -3 Antigens Basic properties of antigens, B and 	 Histological study of spleen, thymus and lymph nodes through slides/ photograph 	

				adsjuvants			
	March	12	12	 Unit-3Antibodies Structures, classes and function of antibodies, monoclonal antibodies, antigen antibody interactions as tools for research and diagnosis. Unit-5 Working of the immune system Structure and function of MHC. 	Preparation of stained blood film to study various types of blood cells.		
	April	09	10	 Unit-5 Working of the immune system Exogenous and endogenous pathway of antigen presentation and processing, Basic properties and functions of cytokines, Complement system 	Preparation of stained blood film to study various types of blood cells.		
	Мау	10	08	Unit-6Immune System in Health and Diseases • Gell and Coomb`s classification and brief description of various types of hypersensitivities, Introduction to concepts of autoimmunity and immunodeficiency.	ABO blood group determination		
	June	07	06	Unit-7 Vaccines General introduction to vaccines, Types of vaccines	Repeat and Practice		
SEMESTER VI ZOOSSEC02M (Vermicompost Production)	January	5		Unit-1 Introduction to Vermicompost Production Natural role of earthworms in soil fertility, Concept of Vermicompost – the need for it Unit-5 Properties of the Vermicompost Unit-6 benefits of vermicompost			
	February			Unit-2 Production Suitable worm species and their availability-for large scale/small scale, Climate and temperature, Feedstock- for small scale and home farming/ large scale or commercial			
	March 5			Unit-3 Operations and maintenance	Unit-3 Operations and maintenance Smells, Moisture, Pest species, Worms escaping, Nutrient levels		

April		Unit-7 Use as soil conditioner
		Unit-8 Application of vermicompost
May	6	Unit-9 Visit to Vermicompost centre and Prepare the Report.
June	6	Submission of Report